How Much		
Words or Phrases	Example Sentences	Pronunciations, Analyses, and Notes
'ákugu (or) 'ákuu'gu "to that much" "that much"	Note: One speaker might say da'kugu "how much" and another speaker might respond 'ákugu "that much."	['á.ku.gu] (or) ['á.kuu'.gu] (particle) 'á- + -ku- + -gu 'á- "that, there" (demonstrative proclitic) (?) -ku- "amount" (stem) Note: -ku- normally refers to a "non-countable amount;" that is, to a "mass." -gu "while, when, toward, instead" (subordinate enclitic)
da'kugu "how much"	Da'kugu tá'dúnã'éã. [da'.ku.gu tá'dúnã.'éã] "How much did you wash?"	[da'.ku.gu] (particle) da'- + -ku- + -gu (or) daa- + 'i- + -ku- + -gu Note: da'- might be a proclitic marking this word as a question word. (interrogative proclitic) Note: daa- is also a proclitic that marks certain verbs as questions. It is more likely that

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		da'- in da'kugu comes from a combination of daa- plus a prefix 'i-. daa- would be shortened to da- because it precedes a glottal stop [']. -ku- "amount" (stem) Note: -ku- normally refers to a "non-countable amount;" that is, to a "mass." -gu "as, during, while, when, instead, toward" (subordinate enclitic)
Da'kugu 'an'da? "How far away is it?"		[da'.ku.gu 'an'.da] Note: [n'] is a low tone glottalized nasal consonant. da'kugu [da'.ku.gu] "how much" (particle) da'- + -ku- + -gu (or) daa- + 'i- + -ku- + -gu Note: da'- might be a proclitic marking this word as a question word. (interrogative proclitic) Note: daa- is also a proclitic that marks certain verbs as questions. It is more likely that da'- in da'kugu comes from a

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		combination of daa- plus a prefix 'i-. daa- would be shortened to da- because it precedes a glottal stop ['].
		-ku- "amount" (stem)
		Note: -ku- normally refers to a "non-countable amount;" that is, to a "mass."
		-gu "as, during, while, when, instead, toward" (subordinate enclitic)
		'an'da ['an'.da] "it is distant, far" (3rd person, imperfective mode, neuter, intransitive verb)
		(See Hoijer 'aanda "it is distant, far" (3rd person of 'aa-ni-...-ndah "to be far away")
Da'kugu be'úús'a? "How long did it take him/her/it?" "How much time passed for him/her/it?"		[da'.ku.gu be.'úús.'a] da'kugu [da'.ku.gu] "how much" (particle) da'- + -ku- + -gu (or) daa- + 'i- + -ku- + -gu Note: da'- might be a proclitic marking this word as a question word. (interrogative proclitic)

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		Note: daa- is also a proclitic that marks certain verbs as questions. It is more likely that da'- in da'kugu comes from a combination of daa- plus a prefix 'i-. daa- would be shortened to da- because it precedes a glottal stop [']. -ku- "amount" (stem) Note: -ku- normally refers to a "non-countable amount;" that is, to a "mass." -gu "as, during, while, when, instead, toward" (subordinate enclitic) be'úús'a [be.'úús.'a] "it lasted him/her/it a long time, it is taking him/her/it a long time" (3rd person, perfective mode, intransitive verb) bi- "him/her/it/them" (3rd person pronoun object prefix) -ee- "with, by means of" (postposition stem or prefix) Note: When bi- or other pronoun object prefixes are added to a postposition such as

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		-ee- that begins with a vowel, the [i] is dropped.
		Note: [ee] is shortened to [e] prior to ['].
		Note: Compare to: ne'úús'a [ne.'úús.'a] "it took you a long time, much time has passed for you" (3rd person, perfective mode, intransitive verb) (O-ee-ni -'i- (hi- perfective)-a "time passes for O")
		ni- (2nd person singular pronoun object prefix)
		-ee- "with, by means of" (postposition stem or prefix)
		Note: When ni- or other pronoun object prefixes are added to a postposition such as -ee- that begins with a vowel, the [i] is dropped.
		Note: [ee] is shortened to [e] prior to ['].
Da'kugu bizââyé? "How small is it?		[da'.ku.gu bi.zââ.yé]

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Words or Phrases	Example Sentences	Pronunciations, Analyses, and Notes
		da'kugu [da'.ku.gu] "how much" (particle)
		da'- + -ku- + -gu (or) daa- + 'i- + -ku- + -gu
		Note: da'- might be a proclitic marking this word as a question word. (interrogative proclitic)
		Note: daa- is also a proclitic that marks certain verbs as questions. It is more likely that da'- in da'kugu comes from a combination of daa- plus a prefix 'i-. daa- would be shortened to da- because it precedes a glottal stop ['].
		-ku- "amount" (stem)
		Note: -ku- normally refers to a "non-countable amount;" that is, to a "mass."
		-gu "as, during, while, when, instead, toward" (subordinate enclitic)
		bizââyé [bi.zââ.yé] "he/she/it is little, he/she/it is small" (3rd person. imperfective mode, neuter, intransitive verb)

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		Note: People also seem sometime to use bizââyé as a noun that means, "little one" or "his/her/its little one."
Da'kugu dich'ísh? "How rough is it?"		[da'.ku.gu di.ch'ísh] da'kugu [da'.ku.gu] "how much" (particle) da'- + -ku- + -gu (or) daa- + 'i- + -ku- + -gu Note: da'- might be a proclitic marking this word as a question word. (interrogative proclitic) Note: daa- is also a proclitic that marks certain verbs as questions. It is more likely that da'- in da'kugu comes from a combination of daa- plus a prefix 'i-. daa- would be shortened to da- because it precedes a glottal stop [']. -ku- "amount" (stem) Note: -ku- normally refers to a "non-countable amount;" that is, to a "mass."

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		-gu "as, during, while, when, instead, toward" (subordinate enclitic)
		dich'ísh [di.ch'ísh] "it is rough"
		(3rd person, imperfective mode, neuter, intransitive verb)
Da'kugu 'éguu'xáíné? "How close by is it?" (referring to time or space) "How near is it?" (referring to time or space)		[da'.ku.gu 'é.guu'.xáí.né] Note: The long vowel [uu] is "creaky" during the last half of its pronunciation.
		da'kugu [da'.ku.gu] "how much" (particle)
		da'- + -ku- + -gu (or) daa- + 'i- + -ku- + -gu
		Note: da'- might be a proclitic marking this word as a question word. (interrogative proclitic)
		Note: daa- is also a proclitic that marks certain verbs as questions. It is more likely that da'- in da'kugu' comes from a combination of daa- plus a prefix 'i-. daa- would be

How Much		
Words or Phrases	Example Sentences	Pronunciations, Analyses, and Notes
		shortened to da- because it precedes a glottal stop [']. -ku- "amount" (stem) Note: -ku- normally refers to a "non-countable amount;" that is, to a "mass." -gu "as, during, while, when, instead, toward" (subordinate enclitic) 'éguu'xáíné ['é.guu'.xáí.né] "a space or place is close, nearby, in the vicinity" (3s person, imperfective mode, intransitive verb) gu- (3s person deictic subject pronoun prefix) Note: 'éguu'xáíné seems to be one of the few verbs with a two-syllable verb stem [xáí.né].
Da'kugu hndééz? How tall is it? How long is it?"		[da'.ku.gu hn.dééz] da'kugu [da'.ku.gu] "how much" (particle) da'- + -ku- + -gu (or) daa- + 'i- + -ku- + -gu Note: da'- might be a proclitic marking this word as a

How Much		
Words or Phrases	Example Sentences	Pronunciations, Analyses, and Notes
		question word. (interrogative proclitic)
		Note: daa- is also a proclitic that marks certain verbs as questions. It is more likely that da'- in da'kugu comes from a combination of daa- plus a prefix 'i-. daa- would be shortened to da- because it precedes a glottal stop ['].
		-ku- "amount" (stem)
		Note: -ku- normally refers to a "non-countable amount;" that is, to a "mass."
		-gu "as, during, while, when, instead, toward" (subordinate enclitic)
		hndéés [hn.déés] "it is tall, it is long" (3rd person, imperfective mode, neuter, intransitive verb)
		Note: Some people say ndéés [n.déés] to mean, "it is tall, it is long."
		Note: People also pronounce hndéés (and) ndéés as hndééz (and) ndééz.

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Words or Phrases	Example Sentences	Pronunciations, Analyses, and Notes
Da'kugu hntsáá? "How big is it?		[da'.ku.gu hn.tsáá] da'kugu [da'.ku.gu] "how much" (particle) da'- + -ku- + -gu (or) daa- + 'i- + -ku- + -gu Note: da'- might be a proclitic marking this word as a question word. (interrogative proclitic) Note: daa- is also a proclitic that marks certain verbs as questions. It is more likely that da'- in da'kugu comes from a combination of daa- plus a prefix 'i-. daa- would be shortened to da- because it precedes a glottal stop [']. -ku- "amount" (stem) Note: -ku- normally refers to a "non-countable amount;" that is, to a "mass." -gu "as, during, while, when, instead, toward" (subordinate enclitic) hntsáá [hn.tsáá] "he/she/it is big, he/she/it is bulky" (3rd

How Much		
Words or Phrases	Example Sentences	Pronunciations, Analyses, and Notes
		person, imperfective mode, neuter, intransitive verb)
Da'kugu ná yaahii'si. "How much do you want me to pour for you?"	Here is a possible answer to the question on the left: 'Ákugu. ['á.ku.gu] "That much."	[da'.ku.gu ná yaa.hii'.si] Note: The inflection stem vowel [ii] is "creaky" during the last half of its pronunciation prior to [s]. We mark such "creakiness" by inserting a glottal stop. da'kugu [da'.ku.gu] "how much" (particle) da'- + -ku- + -gu (or) daa- + 'i- + -ku- + -gu Note: da'- might be a proclitic marking this word as a question word. (interrogative proclitic) Note: daa- is also a proclitic that marks certain verbs as questions. It is more likely that da'- in da'kugu comes from a combination of daa- plus a prefix 'i-. daa- would be shortened to da- because it precedes a glottal stop [']. -ku- "amount" (stem)

How Much		
Words or Phrases	Example Sentences	Pronunciations, Analyses, and Notes
		Note: -ku- normally refers to a "non-countable amount;" that is, to a "mass." -gu "as, during, while, when, instead, toward" (subordinate enclitic) Ná yaahii'si. [ná yaa.hii'.si] "I will pour it for you." yaahii'si [yaa.hii'.si] "I will pour it" (1st person, imperfective mode, transitive verb)
Da'kugu ná'gudzii'? "How much time remains?" "How much longer?" (in time) "How much distance remains?" "How much farther? (in distance)		[da'.ku.gu ná'.gu.dzii'] da'kugu [da'.ku.gu] "how much" (particle) da'- + -ku- + -gu (or) daa- + 'i- + -ku- + -gu Note: da'- might be a proclitic marking this word as a question word. (interrogative proclitic) Note: daa- is also a proclitic that marks certain verbs as questions. It is more likely that da'- in da'kugu comes from a

How Much		
Words or Phrases	Example Sentences	Pronunciations, Analyses, and Notes
		combination of daa- plus a prefix 'i-. daa- would be shortened to da- because it precedes a glottal stop [']. -ku- "amount" (stem) Note: -ku- normally refers to a "non-countable amount;" that is, to a "mass." -gu "as, during, while, when, instead, toward" (subordinate enclitic) ná'gudzii' [ná'.gu.dzii'] "time remains, space remains" (3s person, imperfective mode, intransitive verb) Note: *Da'kúí' ná'gudzii' is not acceptable. People do not say this.
Da'kugu ná'idzii'? "How much is left."	Here are some possible answers to the question on the left: 'Ákugu ná'idzii'. ['á.ku.gu ná.'i.dzii'] "That much remains." Dá'ííná ná'idzii'.	[da'.ku.gu ná.'i.dzii'] da'kugu [da'.ku.gu] "how much" (particle) da'- + -ku- + -gu (or) daa- + 'i- + -ku- + -gu Note: da'- might be a proclitic marking this word as a

How Much		
Words or Phrases	Example Sentences	Pronunciations, Analyses, and Notes
	[dá.'íí.ná ná.'i.dzii'] "That is all that remains." "Only a little bit is left."	question word. (interrogative proclitic) Note: daa- is also a proclitic that marks certain verbs as questions. It is more likely that da'- in da'kugu comes from a combination of daa- plus a prefix 'i-. daa- would be shortened to da- because it precedes a glottal stop ['']. -ku- "amount" (stem) Note: -ku- normally refers to a "non-countable amount;" that is, to a "mass." -gu "as, during, while, when, instead, toward" (subordinate enclitic) ná'idzii' [ná.'i.dzii'] "it remains, they[2] remain" (3rd person, perfective mode, intransitive verb) (?) Note: Compare to: ná'gudzii' [ná'.gu.dzii'] "time remains, space remains" (3s person, imperfective mode, intransitive verb)
Da'kugu she'úús'a?		[da'.ku.gu she.'úús.'a]

How Much		
Words or Phrases	Example Sentences	Pronunciations, Analyses, and Notes
"How long did it take me?" "How much time passed for me?"		da'kugu [da'.ku.gu] "how much" (particle) da'- + -ku- + -gu (or) daa- + 'i- + -ku- + -gu Note: da'- might be a proclitic marking this word as a question word. (interrogative proclitic) Note: daa- is also a proclitic that marks certain verbs as questions. It is more likely that da'- in da'kugu comes from a combination of daa- plus a prefix 'i-. daa- would be shortened to da- because it precedes a glottal stop [']. -ku- "amount" (stem) Note: -ku- normally refers to a "non-countable amount;" that is, to a "mass." -gu "as, during, while, when, instead, toward" (subordinate enclitic) she'úús'a [she.'úús.'a] "it lasted me a long time, it took me a long time" (3rd person, hi-

How Much		
Words or Phrases	Example Sentences	Pronunciations, Analyses, and Notes
		perfective mode, intransitive verb)
		shi- "me" (1st person singular pronoun object prefix)
		-ee- "with, by means of" (postposition stem or prefix) (?)
		Note: When shi- or other pronoun object prefixes are added to a postposition such as -ee- that begins with a vowel, the [i] is dropped.
		Note: [ee] is shortened to [e] prior to ['] .
da'kuyá "how much at a place" "what amount at a place" "to what amount at that point" "to how far"	Da'kuyá hinnéōkés? [da'.ku.yá hin.néō.kés] "What time is it?" "At what amount did it land?" (a stick-like object) (a long and rigid object) Da'kuyá haa'kus? [da'.ku.yá haa'.kus] Note: The inflection stem vowel [aa] is very "creaky." We mark such "creakiness" by inserting a glottal stop ['] immediately following the vowel.	[da'.ku.yá] (particle) Note: Note: da'- might be a proclitic marking this word as a question word (interrogative proclitic) Note: daa- is also a proclitic that marks certain verbs as questions. It is more likely that da'- in da'kuyá comes from a combination of daa- plus a prefix 'i-. daa- would be

How Much		
Words or Phrases	Example Sentences	Pronunciations, Analyses, and Notes
		perfective mode, intransitive verb)
		shi- "me" (1st person singular pronoun object prefix)
		-ee- "with, by means of" (postposition stem or prefix) (?)
		Note: When shi- or other pronoun object prefixes are added to a postposition such as -ee- that begins with a vowel, the [i] is dropped.
		Note: [ee] is shortened to [e] prior to ['] .
da'kuyá "how much at a place" "what amount at a place" "to what amount at that point" "to how far"	Da'kuyá hinnéōkés? [da'.ku.yá hin.néō.kés] "What time is it?" "At what amount did it land?" (a stick-like object) (a long and rigid object) Da'kuyá haa'kus? [da'.ku.yá haa'.kus] Note: The inflection stem vowel [aa] is very "creaky." We mark such "creakiness" by inserting a glottal stop ['] immediately following the vowel.	[da'.ku.yá] (particle) Note: Note: da'- might be a proclitic marking this word as a question word (interrogative proclitic) Note: daa- is also a proclitic that marks certain verbs as questions. It is more likely that da'- in da'kuyá comes from a combination of daa- plus a prefix 'i-. daa- would be

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	"Where is the hand falling?" (a stick-like object - long and rigid or flat and rigid object) Note: This phrase refers to the hands on a clock. Quarter after-á bich'ìi'yá haaˑkus. [quarter after-á bi.ch'ìì'.yá haaˑ.kus] "It is falling toward quarter after."	shortened to da- because it precedes a glottal stop [']. -ku- "amount" (stem) -ku- normally refers to a "non-countable amount;" that is, to a "mass." -yá "at a place, at the place where, at that place" (postposition enclitic)